Course overview

Algorithmic Methods of Data Mining, Fall 2005, Course overview

T-61.5060 Algorithmic methods of data mining (5 cr) P

- T-61.5060 Tiedon louhinnan algoritmiset menetelmät (5 op) L
- Data mining, also called knowledge discovery in databases (KDD)
- In Finnish: tiedon louhinta, tietämyksen muodostaminen
- Goal of the course: an overview of pattern discovery
- Biased overview
- Theory and examples
- Course home page: http://www.cis.hut.fi/Opinnot/T-61.5060/
- Email: t615060@james.hut.fi

Participating

- To participate to this course you need a HUT student number
- We may send you some email (cancellations, exam results etc.). The email is sent to an address of form 12345X@students.hut.fi, where "12345X" is your student number. Check that this address works!

Algorithmic Methods of Data Mining, Fall 2005, Course overview

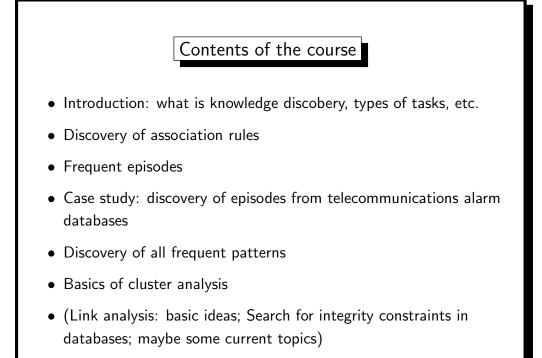
Prerequisites and requirements

- Prerequisites
 - T-106.1220/T-106.250 Tietorakenteet ja algoritmit
 - first two years' mathematics courses
- Requirements
 - examination (graded 1–5)
 - project assignment (must be passed)

Course organization

- Lectures Thursdays 12–14, Heikki Mannila, Robert Gwadera, <u>Kai Puolamäki</u> (most lectures by Heikki and Robert)
- Next lecture on 29 September (no lecture on 22 September!)
- Exercises: Wednesday, Kai Puolamäki, starting 28 September
- Language of instruction: Finnish
- A small project assignment, themes will be given in early October
- Exam in T1 on 14 December at 9–12 o'clock (check the exam schelude!)

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Material

- H. Mannila, H. Toivonen: Knowledge discovery in databases: the search for frequent patterns; available from the web page of the course
- copies of slides available on the web during the course
- Background material: D. Hand, H. Mannila, P.Smyth: Principles of Data Mining, MIT Press 2001.

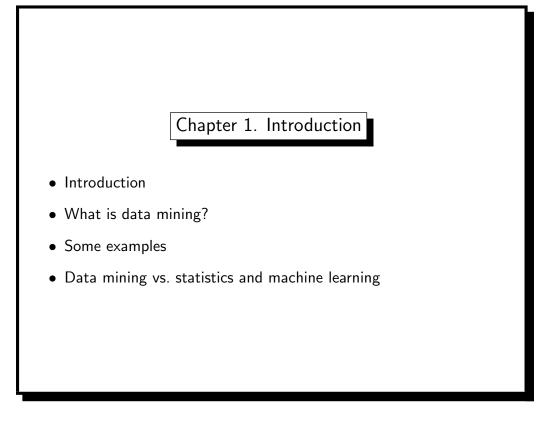
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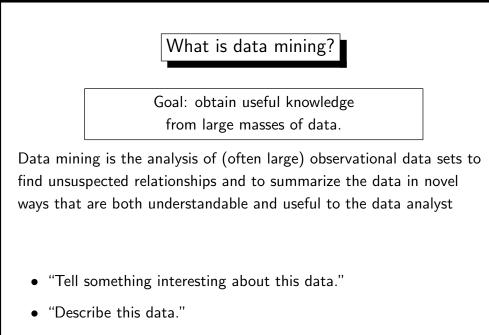
Data mining activities at UH/CIS
basic research: algorithms, theory
applied research: genetics, ecology, ubiquitous computing, documents, natural language, ...
FDK "From Data to Knowledge": Academy of Finland Center of Excellence (CoE) 2002–2007
HIIT Basic Research Unit
Neural Networks Research Center, or CoE in Adaptive Informatics Research.
Check http://www.cis.hut.fi/projects/patdis/

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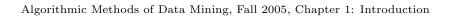
Chapter 1: Introduction

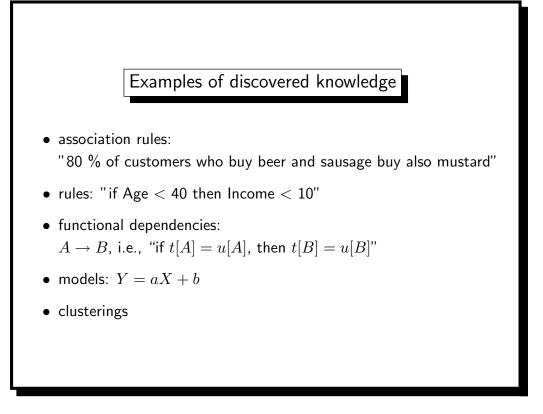
Algorithmic Methods of Data Mining, Fall 2005, Chapter 1: Introduction

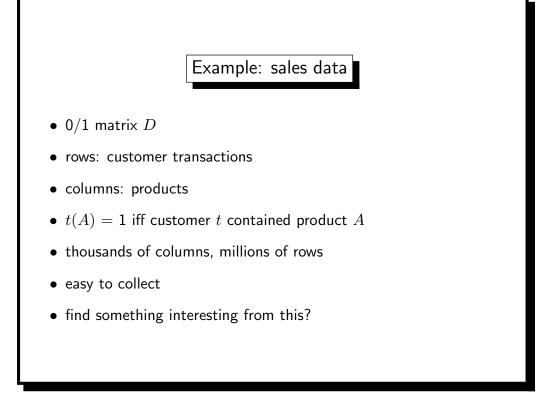


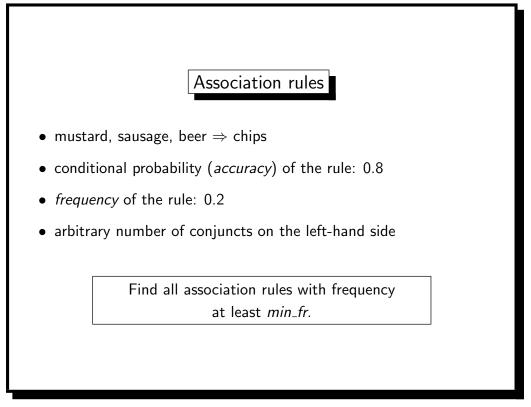


• exploratory data analysis on large data sets









Example: student/course data

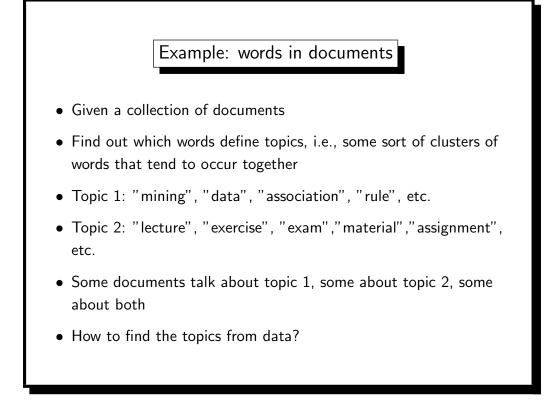
Algorithmic Methods of Data Mining, Fall 2005, Chapter 1: Introduction

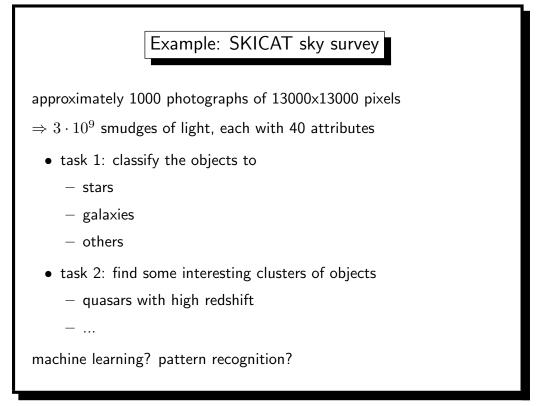
• example rule:

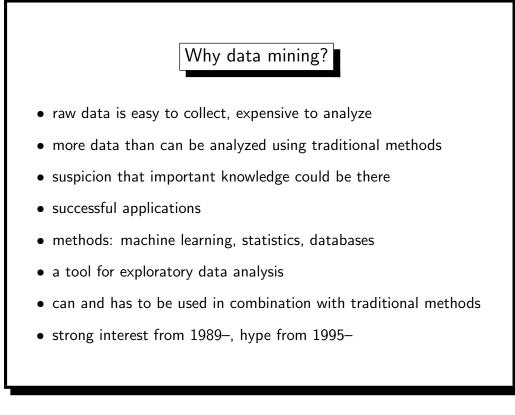
then (graduation) (0.3)

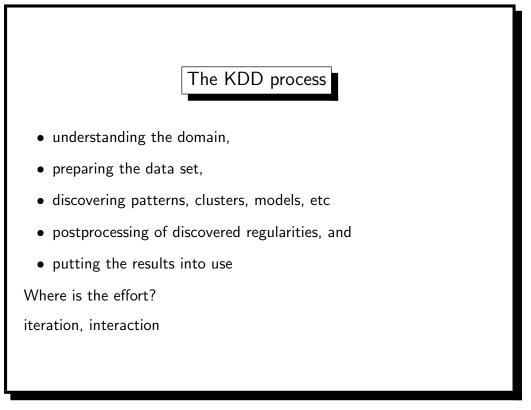
Example: student/course data

if {Data Communications, Unix, Networks}



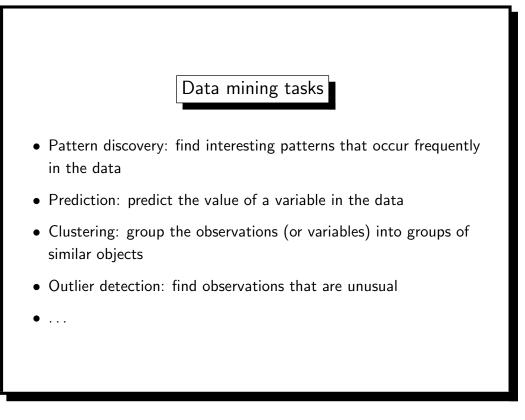


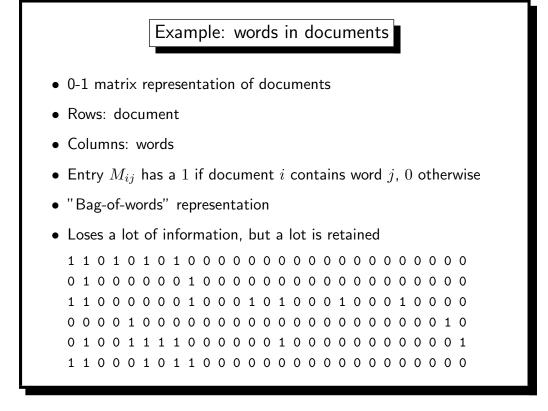






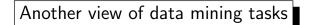
- What is the task? What do we want to find out?
- What is the model, or pattern class?
- What is the score function, i.e., how do we know which model fits the data well?
- What is the algorithm? How do we find the model?





Data mining tasks in document data

- Find collections of word that occur frequently together in the same documents
- Find topics from data
- Cluster similar documents together
- Will term x occur in the document
- Which are unusual documents?

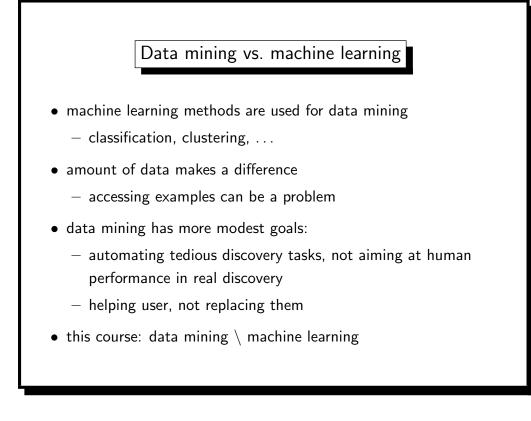


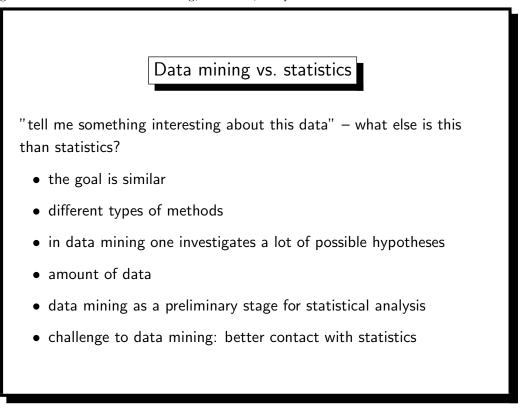
- Exploratory data analysis
- Descriptive modeling
- Predictive modeling
- Discovering patterns and rules
- Retrieval by content

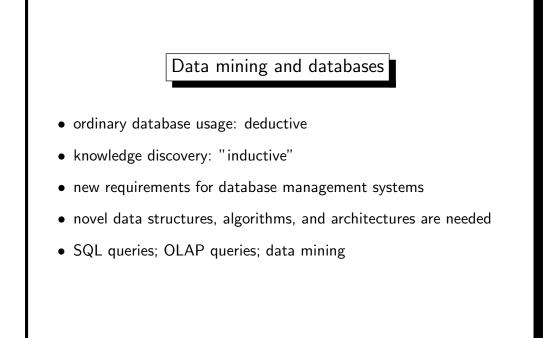
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Data mining and related areas

- How does data mining relate to statistics
- How does data mining relate to machine learning?
- Other related areas?



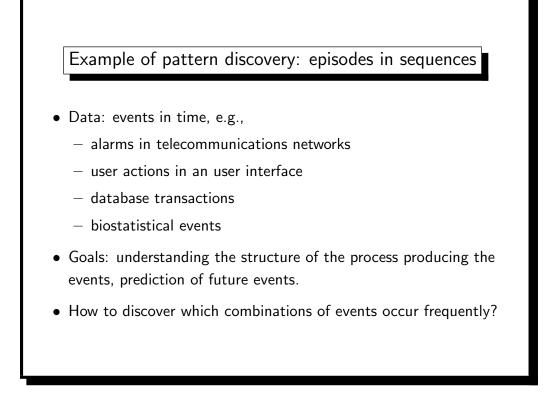


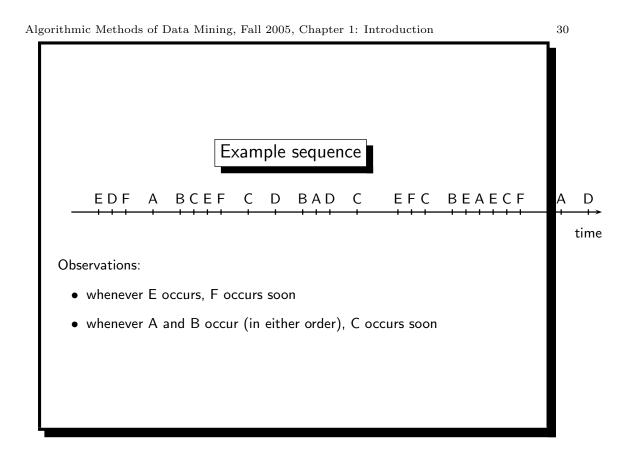


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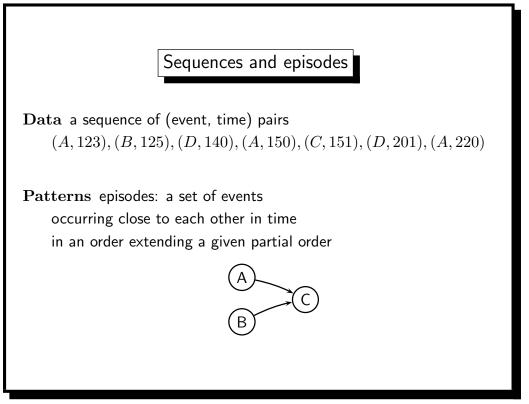
Data mining and algorithms

- Lots of nice connections
- A wealth of interesting research questions
- Some will be treated later in the course





[Telecommunications alarm log	
Event KE82K02-31 KE82K10-16 H-M-K09-57 SOT-K01-03 MUU-K03-04 KE82K10-16 PAK-K14-27 KE82K10-16	Time 780560888 780560892 780560917 780560926 780561011 780561015 780561119 780561138	100–400 different events events occur recurrently 1 month = 70 000 alarms



Pattern class All serial episodes / all parallel episodes / all episodes / ...

Occurrence pattern occurs frequently in data if there are sufficiently many windows of size W in the data such that the pattern occurs in the window

Algorithmic Methods of Data Mining, Fall 2005, Chapter 1: Introduction

Discovering frequent patterns

- find all frequent episodes of size 1
- build candidate episodes of size 2
- check which episodes of size 2 occur frequently
- continue
- incremental recognition, using previous rounds of computation, ...



- given a class of patterns
- an occurrence criterion
- find all patterns from the class that occur frequently enough

Why is data mining an interesting research area?

- practically relevant
- easy theoretical questions
- the whole spectrum: from theoretical issues to systems issues to concrete data cleaning to novel discoveries
- easy to cooperate with other areas and with industry